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| Unit 2: Slavery and Sectionalism |
| Key Concept Sheet |

**Vocabulary**

Out of the terms below, write the definition and then explain their significance in African American History. You will need to complete 20. Be deliberate in your choice of the terms, there will be some that you feel you do not need to review before the assessment. Remember, if a term is more general in nature, be sure to explain it as it pertains to African American History.

Typically, for identification, ask yourself "**who was involved, what happened, what other essential term is it related to and why, where did it take place, etc.**" For significance, ask yourself "**why is this important for the course, what is the outcome, what does it lead to, etc.**" - choose terms that you truly need to review again, not ones you already know.

Nat Turner

Amistad Mutiny

Missouri Compromise

AME Church
American Colonization Society
Black Nationalism
Voluntary Associations
Disfranchisement
Antislavery Society
Abolitionism

David Walker

Frederick Douglas

Sojourner Truth

William Lloyd Garrison
Benevolent Empire
Nativism
Fugitive

Cotton Gin

Wilmot Proviso
Underground Railroad

Levi Coffin

John Brown

Compromise of 1850

Confederacy
Contraband
Refugee

Fugitive Slave Act

Kansas-Nebraska Act

Dred Scott Decision

Republican Party

Abraham Lincoln

Popular Sovereignty

First Louisiana Native Guards
Emancipation Proclamation

Juneteenth

Spiritual
Overseer/Driver
Cash crops
Great Awakening
Antebellum
Slave market
Domestic Slave Trade
Plantation

Louisiana Purchase

James Beckwourth

Black codes/slave code
Segregation
Jim Crow/Caricature

Gabriel Prosser

Denmark Vesey

**Essential Questions**

Answer the following questions in 3-5 complete sentences. Any plagiarized material will not be accepted. You must answer at least 5 questions. Try to use as many of your vocabulary words in your answer as possible.

1. What were the economic, social, religious, and legal justifications for slavery in the antebellum period?
2. How did the Haitian Revolution impact the enslaved in America and ultimately lead to westward expansion?
3. In what ways was the institution of slavery a factor in the creation of nationalism and sectionalism?
4. How did black institutions develop and function in the decades before the Civil War?
5. How did the lives enslaved people differ on plantations, small farms, rural areas, urban area? What specific difficulties did the enslaved face based on gender, skill set, and age?
6. How did government policies and societal attitudes change toward slavery during the Civil War?
7. How did black soldiers contribute to the outcome of the war?
8. What is the impact of the legacy of slavery in American society today?