

Socialization and deviance

By Jason and Hayleigh





Socialization

What is socialization?

Socialization is the process of internalizing the norms and ideologies of society. Socialization encompasses both learning and teaching and is thus the means by which social and cultural continuity are attained

Social deviance theories

What is social deviance theory?

Social deviance describe when you do a action or behavior that goes against social norms including a formally enacted rule , as well as informal violations of social norms but social deviance will vary from culture to culture what may be





social deviance four theories

The four theories of social deviance are differential association, anomie theory , control theory, and labeling theory



Differential association

Differential association is a way to address the issue of how people learn deviance and the two major factors that play a role in learning norms is environment and the people you are a around

Examples of Differential Association

Example: son grows up watching mom get beaten up when he gets married he beats his wife.





Anomie theory

Anomie theory is the lack of normal ethical or lack of social standards. Anomie also refers to the condition that arises when social norms conflict or don't exist.



Example of animoe

Example: Many people expect to have a job but the economy may not provide enough jobs for everybody thus a jobless seeker would turn to crime.

<https://study.com/academy/lesson/anomie-definition-theory-examples.html>



Control theory

Control theory is when both inner and outer controls work against deviant tendencies. In other words people may want to do something but they don't usually act on it.



Example of control theory

Example your friend is stealing cable with control theory internal control would cause him to feel guilty and may even turn himself in which would relieve internal control even though she would be punished by external control.



Labeling theory

A type of symbolic interaction, labeling theory concerns the meanings people derive from one another's labels, symbols, actions, and reactions.



Example of labelling theory

Example: some people who see a preacher in a suit then in normal clothes would perceive him as more religious.



Saints and Roughnecks

The Saints and the Roughnecks is a classic study into the effect of labeling. His two groups of white, male, high school students were both frequently involved in delinquent acts of theft, vandalism the police never arrest one group of delinquents called the saints. Whenever the saints were caught they acted very respectful to the authorities and made sure to apologise



Why saints and Roughnecks are important

The reason this study is important is it shows how society mostly cares about looks you can be the absolute worst person in the inside and break every law but if you act kindly and keep up a good front you can get away with anything.